Cambridge Global Food Security Symposium Thursday 6th July 2023 Towards a Better Food System: challenges and opportunities

Algae for Food and Feed

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Algae for Food and Feed

Algae: Food for the Future



Challenges for future food



What are algae?



Algae for food and feed

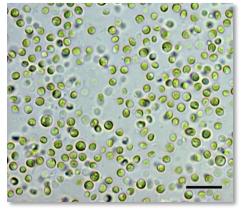


Cultivating algae at scale



Algae for a more circular future









Challenges for future food systems





















AND INFRASTRUCTURE



INEQUALITIES







CLIMATE



LIFE BELOW WATER



LIFE ON LAND



PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS

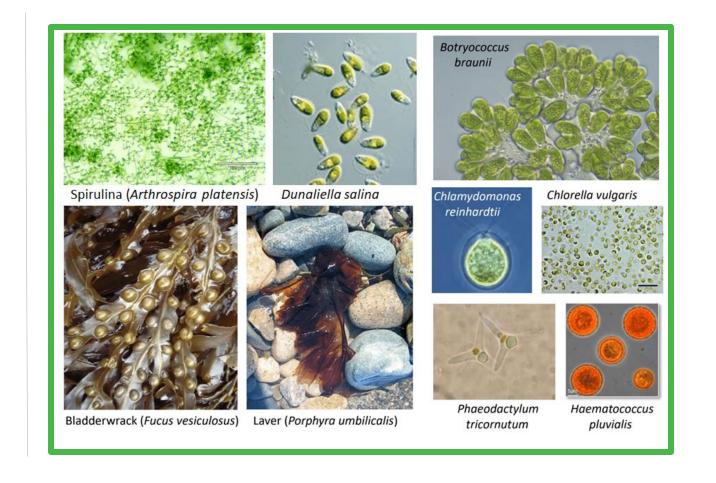


PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS



What are algae?

- Photosynthetic, aquatic
- Conservative estimates suggests there are over
 70, 000 species of microalgae (Guiry, 2012)
- Less than 50 currently used for commercial purposes (EABA, 2020)





Commercial exploitation of microalgae



Algal Innovation Centre Glasshouse, University of Cambridge





- Photosynthetic growth means potentially more sustainable
- Don't compete with traditional agriculture for land and fresh water
- Fast growth rate (productivity, yield per unit time per unit area, may be 20x > land plants)
- Can be cultivated at industrial scale in photobioreactors



Features of algae for food and feed





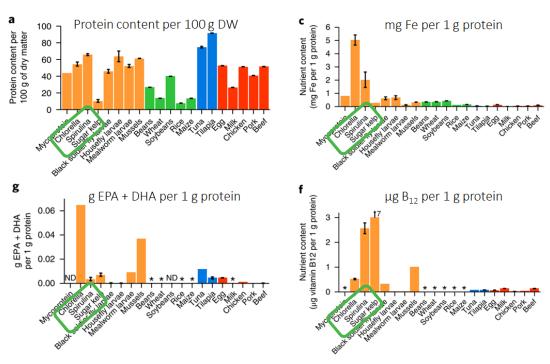




- High protein balanced amino profile
- Lipid rich, including omega-3 fatty acids
- Many algae classified as GRAS generally regarded as safe
- High vitamin and mineral content



Features of algae for food and feed



Adapted from Parodi et al (2018) Nature Sustainability 1: 782-789

- High protein balanced amino profile
- Lipid rich, including omega-3 fatty acids
- Many algae classified as GRAS generally regarded as safe
- High mineral and vitamin content, particularly B₁₂ (cobalamin)



Food ingredients and supplements

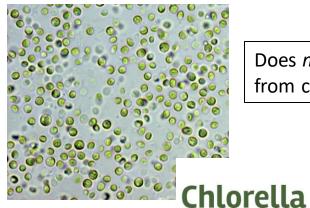
- Several extracted products are recognised already
- Two photosynthetic microbes licenced in EU as novel foods



Spirulina (Arthrospira spp.), cyanobacterium



Chlorella vulgaris, eukaryotic green alga

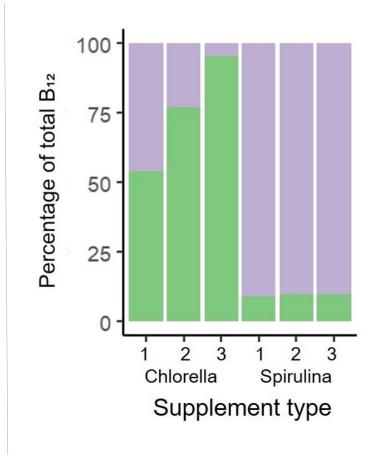


Does *not* make B₁₂ but takes up from commensal bacteria



Assaying B₁₂ content of supplements

 Bioassay to distinguish bioavailable B₁₂ from other analogues



Pseudocobalamin
Cobalamin



Ellen Harrison



Can algae provide bioavailable B₁₂?

Increasing vitamin B₁₂ availability in India

University of **Kent**



Martin Warren Ranjan Yajnik



Dietary intervention trials in Pune



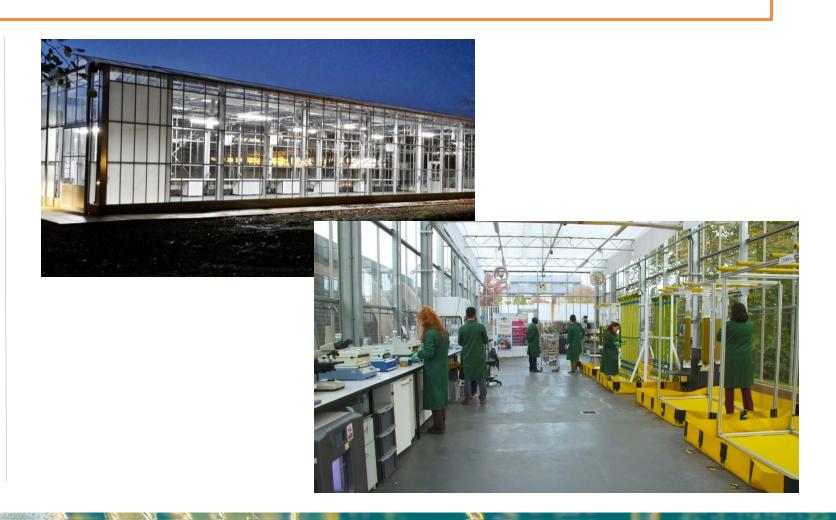
Serum B₁₂ levels elevated after 12 weeks

Global Challenges Research Fund (GCRF) awards



Algal Innovation Centre

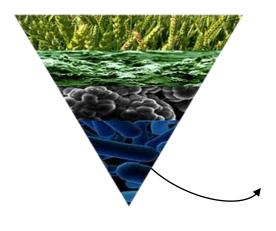
- In Cambridge Botanic Garden
- Test facility to develop pipeline of algal-based solutions
- Autotrophic and Heterotrophic Growth – DEFRA licenced



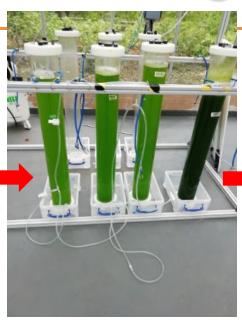


Algae grow well on AD digestate

Anaero Techology







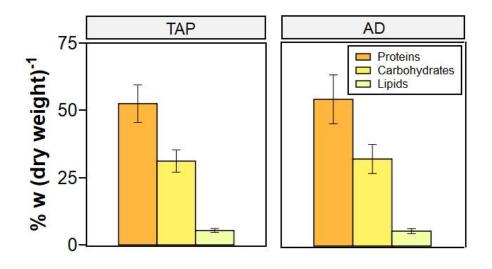




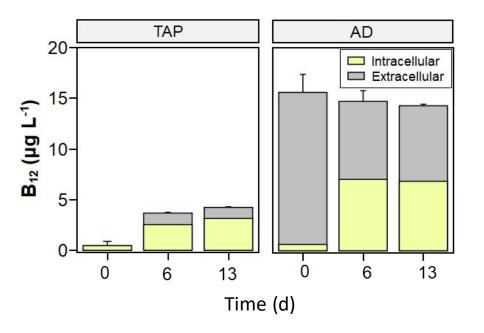




Algal composition grown on digestate



- → Protein content: ~50% w/w
- → Typical *Chlorella vulgaris* composition, similar in the two media used



 \rightarrow Chlorella vulgaris contains~25 µg B_{12}/g



Kostas Papadopoulos Ana Camilla Zenteno-Illanes Payam Mehrshahi



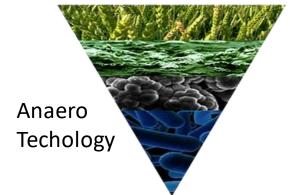
Valorising crop waste with algae

Using market/vegetable waste in Sub-Saharan Africa



Prof David Cebon



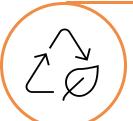






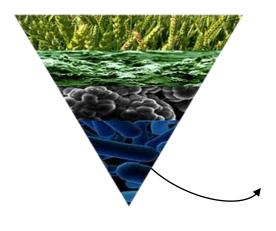
Prof Isa Kabenge Dr Allan Komakech

Global Challenges Research Fund (GCRF) awards

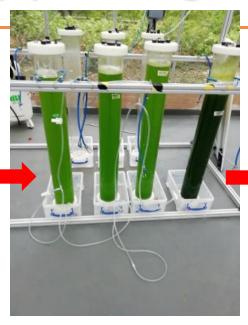


Algal biomass supports growth of BSFL

Anaero Techology

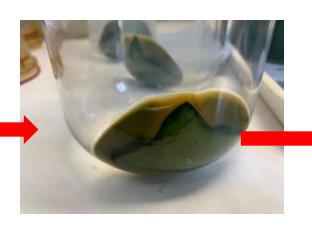










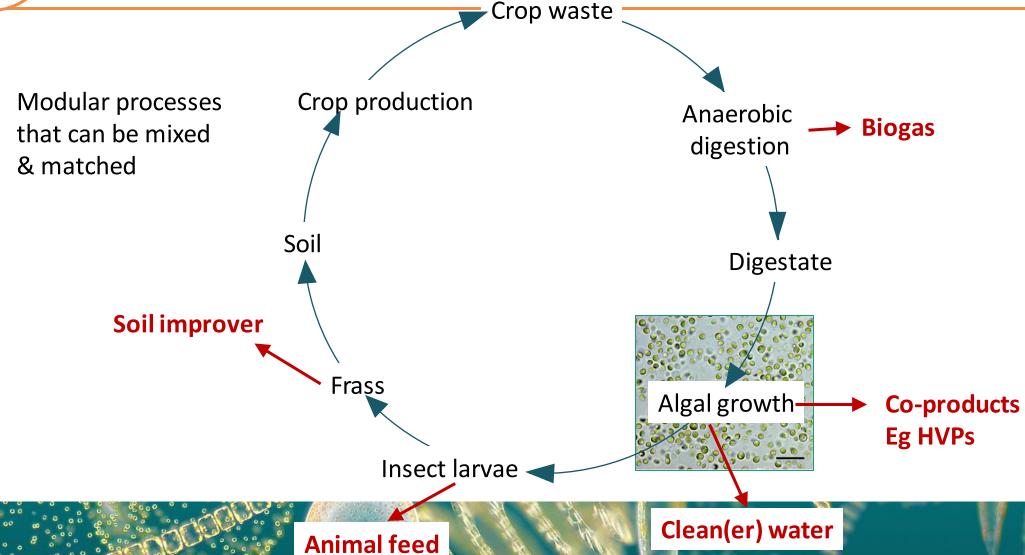


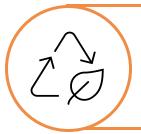






Algae as part of circular process





Algae and circular economy in Uganda

Setting up an algal growing research facility in the University Farm (Kabanyoro)









Potential to interlink with other processes studied there and develop sustainable supply chains





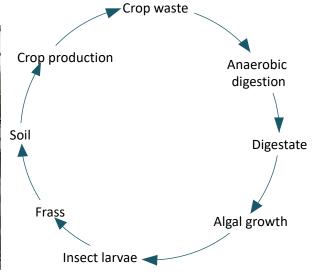




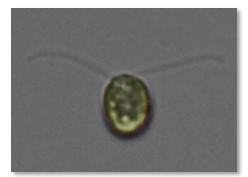


Summary









- Algae offer potential for commercial exploitation for food and feed
- Algae have been shown to provide bioavailable B₁₂
- Algae can be part of circular processes that provide sustainable solutions for food production and waste valorisation



Acknowledgements





Biotechnology and Biological Sciences Research Council





