We surveyed key features in mature monoculture (∼20yr), immature monoculture (∼6yr), & immature polyculture (∼6yr, >10% non-op) smallholder plantations in Malaysia.

### Results
- Stepwise regression and PCA showed no significant differences in socio-demographics or attitudes.
- While management inputs did not differ significantly between groups, habitat features did.
- There was less bare ground and epiphyte richness in mature monocultures, and different pests affected different plantations.

### Implications
- Farmers may treat plantations the same although requirements differ (e.g., polycultures often require less herbicides) → lack of targeted management.
- Different pests affect different plantations → while inputs are the same, ecosystem dynamics are affected.
- Socio-economic and understory management methods are consistently relevant and key to encourage ‘best practice’.